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# Mobile IPv6 Route Optimization Enhancements: Revision of draft-irtf-mobopts-ro-enhancements

Christian Vogt, Jari Arkko  
chvogt@tm.uka.de, jari.arkko@ericsson.com

Reviews, Major Discussion Items, Additions, Changes

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Samita Chakrabarti

Francis Dupont

**Thank you, folks!**

Thierry Ernst

Gerardo Giaretta

James Kempf

Rajeev Koodli

Gabriel Montenegro

Vidya Narayanan

Fan Zhao

## Note on ingress filtering as part of Introduction

- Clarifies position of the draft
- Acknowledges general benefits if ingress filtering
- Points out why it should not be relied upon (for the purpose of MIPv6)
- Emphasizes that opinions differ

## Clarification of the position taken

- Not necessarily a scalability issue (examples of CAs with millions of certificates), but...
- More "aggressive" application pattern:
  - Traditionally, few checks, only at beginning of session
  - With mobility, more frequent checks (causing overhead for CNs)
  - Checks may occur in middle of session (causing delay)
- Problems with CRLs
- Coordination of address assignment w/ certification is problematic
- Attractive attack target (esp. w/ many certificates)

# Are Redirection-Based Flooding Attacks Irrelevant?

## Statement on malicious redirection and flooding

- Typical flooding strategy is by malware, so why would the attacker use redirection?
- Because redirection...
  - ...could be another tool for the attacker
  - ...could be used **in combination** with classical flooding
  - ...would be a "standardized" flooding tool ☹️
- Trust relationships don't help:  
Nodes may become a redirecting zombie w/o malicious intents
- Reachability test required even for CGA-based CoAs;  
uniqueness property does not protect against network flooding

## Robustness objective

- In principle, RO could work w/o home agent

## Network mobility

- Mobile router
- Correspondent router

## Credit-Based Authorization

- New, more understandable text

- What we need are RO techniques which can be useful in many different scenarios, like...
  - Optimistic behavior
  - Proactive behavior
  - CGA-based security
  - Credit-Based Authorization

What we don't need is limited-applicability RO techniques

- Always a trade-off btw. general applicability and efficiency benefits (e.g., end-to-end optimizations vs. infrastructure support)

## Remove section that don't attend to RO

- HMIPv6
- FMIPv6
- Processing improvements
- Delegation

## Remove text already published elsewhere

- Disquisition of security threats